“Causes of the Civil War” (Video)

1. During the 1800s, most of the U.S. factories were located in the _______________________.

2. During this same period of time many ___________________________ companies manufactured goods at a lower cost than American companies.

3. To keep American factories economically strong, northern senators and _____________________ sought to place a high tariff (tax) on European manufactured products entering the United States. This made European goods more expensive than those same goods made in the U.S. Southerners felt this tax was unfair and would not benefit them.

4. The majority of ____________________, _______________, and _________________ in the United States were now living in the ________________________ states.

5. The wealthy northerners looked to the __________ states to expand their factories and way of life.
6. They wanted their workers to freely choose their employers. This kind of labor is called _______ labor.

7. In the South there were very few ______________ with ____________. The southern way of life had grown to become centered around _______________________________ and ________________________________.

8. A _____________________ is a large farm that uses slaves to care for its crops. When a worker is owned by his employer, it is called __________________________.

9. _______________ and __________________ represented almost all of the South’s wealth. The rich southern planters also looked to the ________________states in the West to expand their plantation empires and way of life.

10. Once again, another settlement called the _____________________of __________, averted a civil war. The Compromise of 1850 admitted California as a free state...This
resulted in a majority of the Senate voting power to now be in the hands of the free states.

11. To correct some of this imbalance, the Fugitive Slave Law was also passed. This stated that law officials were responsible to catch runaway slaves and return them to their owners. Many northerners refused to obey this law and, in fact, some helped many slaves escape through the secret network called the_________________________________________.

12. During the years 1850 to 1860, as many as 20,000 blacks escaped from slavery through the_____________________________________.

13. In _______, a fanatical abolitionist named____________________ attempted to lead a slave revolt from____________________, Virginia.

14. Northerners saw______________ as a martyr who sacrificed his life to the cause. Southerners were terrified this was part of a northern plot to encourage all slaves to revolt.
15. In November of _________,
_______________________________ was elected to the presidency.

16. Many southerners thought that as soon as Lincoln took office, he would __________ all of the ________________.

17. By February of _________, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, and Texas declared their independence from the United States of America. These independent states formed their own country called the Confederate States of America.

18. ________________________________ was elected as their president.

19. On April 12, __________, the southern rebels fired on a federal outpost called ________________________, located in ________________________________, South Carolina.
20. At first, some slave states like _________________ and Tennessee remained loyal to the Union and did not join the _________________.

21. The next morning, after 34 hours of constant bombardment, Fort Sumter fell to the Confederate Army. President Lincoln recognized that the attack on a federal fort was a clear act of ____________.

22. By June 1861, _________________________, Arkansas, North Carolina, and Tennessee joined with their sister states.