Industrialization and the Growth of Cities

1. What city became known as the center of the meat-packing industry?
   A. Chicago
   B. Detroit
   C. New Orleans
   D. Houston

2. What city became known for the production of automobiles after Henry Ford built his assembly line factory there?
   A. Chicago
   B. Detroit
   C. New Orleans
   D. Houston

3. What change in communication made industries grow?
   A. Railroads
   B. Bessemer Steel Process
   C. Alexander Bell’s Telephone
   D. Edison’s electric light

4. What grew and transported goods quickly and cheaply after 1869?
   A. Railroads
   B. Bessemer Steel Process
   C. Alexander Bell’s Telephone
   D. Edison’s electric light

5. What produced goods cheaply and efficiently leading to the growth of industry?
   A. Mass production
   B. Specialized factories
   C. Cheap labor provided by immigrants
   D. Investment capital from corporate financing to build new factories
   E. All of the above

6. Which analogy for “captains of industry” and their business is correct?
   A. Vanderbilt: Oil and Carnegie: Steel
   B. Carnegie: Steel and Rockefeller: Oil
   C. Rockefeller: Oil and Vanderbilt: Steel
   D. Carnegie: Oil and Rockefeller: Steel
7. Which of the below shows the many inventions that helped industry grow?
   A. The rise in urban population
   B. Patents Issued
   C. Miles of railroad track
   D. “Captains of Industry”

8. Which is the best description of a monopoly?
   A. A game
   B. A viral disease
   C. A product is available from only one source (business, corporation)
   D. A product is available from many sources (businesses, corporations).

9. When immigrants came to the United States, they often:
   A. Worked long hours for low wages in factories
   B. Provided the labor that would help industry grow
   C. Faced discrimination and prejudice
   D. All of the above

10. Most immigrants to the United States during the period 1850 – 1920 came from:
    A. Europe and China
    B. South America and Vietnam
    C. Belgium and France
    D. England and Portugal

11. Which is NOT a reason immigrants came to the United States?
    A. A new beginning for former slaves
    B. Adventure
    C. Opportunity
    D. Religious freedom

12. – 20. Make a time line. Label the segments of the line in 5 year increments, starting in 1865. (8 points) Place the following events on the line (watch both order and spacing.) (32 points)

   A. Haymarket Square strike - 1882
   B. End of the Civil War - 1865
   C. First car assembly line - 1913
   D. Spanish American War – 1898
   E. 15th Amendment - 1869
   F. 18th Amendment - 1917
   G. Invention of the phone – 1876
   H. Invention of the light bulb - 1879