

TEACHER HANDOUT #2
NOTES FOR LESSON/ MATCHING OF STATEMENTS AND
OUTCOME CARDS

Europe became industrialized and nations sought to establish empires.

OUTCOME CARD B. Tensions grew among the colonizing nations

Much of Central and Eastern Europe ruled by empires that included several nationality groups.

OUTCOME CARD H. These different nationality groups wanted to form independent nations by joining with similar groups in other nations

Austria-Hungary annexed two Balkan territories, Bosnia and Herzegovina.

OUTCOME CARD D. Serbia, a Balkan nation on Austria-Hungary's border, felt threatened and called on Russia for help.

Instability and complex rivalries led to an arms race in Europe

OUTCOME CARD I. Arms race generated mistrust and helped military leaders achieve more power.

Triple alliance is formed by Germany, Austria-Hungary, and Italy

OUTCOME CARD F. France and Russia agreed to help each other if either became involved in war with Germany or Austria-Hungary. France also arranged a separate partnership with Great Britain.

Archduke Franz Ferdinand, heir to the throne of Austria-Hungary, was assassinated by Slavic nationalist, Gavrilo Princip.

OUTCOME CARD G. Austria-Hungary declared war on Serbia.

Russia, in attempt to defend itself as a European power, defended Serbia.

OUTCOME CARD E. Germany backed Austria-Hungary, and insisted Russian halt its threatening acts. Germany also demanded that France remain neutral.

Russia and France reject Germany's demands.

OUTCOME CARD C. Germany declares war on France and Germany.

German army crosses through neutral Belgium.

OUTCOME CARD A. Great Britain enters the war against Germany.