Websites for Historical Investigation Activity

1) Thomas Nast cartoon: the promises of emancipation versus the horrors of slavery. http://www.loc.gov/exhibits/odyssey/archive/05/0509001r.jpg

Thomas Nast. *Emancipation*.

Philadelphia: S. Bott, 1865.

Wood engraving.

Prints and Photographs Division.

Reproduction Number: LC-USZ62-2573 (5-9)

2) Carpetbagger Marshall Twitchell describes his role and experiences in Louisiana as an agent for the Freedmen's Bureau

http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/amex/reconstruction/carpetbagger/ps_twitchell.html

Marshall Harvey Twitchell, Carpetbagger from Vermont: The Autobiography of Marshall Harvey Twitchell. Baton Rouge: Louisiana State University Press: Baton Rouge, 1989.

3) A former slave testifies before the U.S. Senate in 1880, about life in the South shortly after the Civil War:

http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/amex/reconstruction/sharecrop/ps_adams.html

Excerpt from Senate Report 693, 46th Congress, 2nd Session (1880). Reprinted in Dorothy Sterling, editor, The Trouble They Seen: The Story of Reconstruction in the Words of African Americans. New York: Da Capo Press, 1994.

4) Sharecropper contract 1879

http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/amex/reconstruction/sharecrop/ps dawson.html

Excerpt from Nell Irvin Painter, Exodusters: Black Migration to Kansas after Reconstruction. New York: Alfred A. Knopf, 1977.

5) Sketch- African Americans voting

http://www.loc.gov/exhibits/odyssey/archive/05/0521001r.jpg

Alfred R. Waud.

"The First Vote."

From Harper's Weekly, November 16, 1867. Copyprint.

Prints and Photographs Division.

Reproduction Number: LC-USZ62-19234 (5-21)

6) An African American tells the story of mob-violence and lynching experienced in 1902. http://historymatters.gmu.edu/d/67

Charles Hardy III, *Horizons* (Washington D.C.: National Public Radio, 1985), <u>West Chester University</u>.

7) An interview that discusses the methods used by the KKK to intimidate African Americans. http://www.digitalhistory.uh.edu/black_voices/voices_display.cfm?id=84

Report of the Joint Select Committee to Inquire into the Condition of Affairs in the Late Insurrectionary States (Washington, 1872)

- 8) Lynching statistics from the Tuskeegee Institute, beginning in 1882 http://www.law.umkc.edu/faculty/projects/ftrials/shipp/lynchingyear.html
- 9) President McKinley makes statement against the practice of lynching (1899) http://dbs.ohiohistory.org/africanam/page1.cfm?ItemID=19224
- 10) "Pitchfork" Tillman, a Southern Congressmen, makes an argument in favor of lynching. (1900)

http://mdk12.org/instruction/curriculum/hsa/us_history/social_response_doc4.pdf

11) Map of where African Americans lived-1890 http://www.loc.gov/exhibits/odyssey/archive/05/0518001r.jpg

Statistical Atlas of the United States Based on the Results of the Eleventh Census. Plate 11. Washington: U.S. Government Printing Office, 1898. Lithograph.

Geography and Map Division. (5-18)

12) Illustration of Northerners teaching African Americans http://www.loc.gov/exhibits/odyssey/archive/05/0505001r.jpg

James E. Taylor.

"The Freedmen's Union Industrial School, Richmond, Va."

From Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper, September 22, 1866.

Copyprint. <u>Prints and Photographs Division</u>. Reproduction Number: LC-USZ62-33264 (5-5)

13) Picture- South Carolina House of Representatives http://www.loc.gov/exhibits/odyssey/archive/05/0511001r.jpg

Radical Members of the First Legislature after the War, South Carolina. Photograph.

1878.

Prints and Photographs Division.

Reproduction Number: LC-USZ62-28044 (5-11)

14) Photograph- Tuskegee Institute

http://www.loc.gov/exhibits/odyssey/archive/06/0603001r.jpg

Frances Benjamin Johnston.

Tuskegee History Class.

Copyprint, 1902.

Prints and Photographs Division.

Reproduction Number: LC-USZ62-64712 (6-3)

Frances Benjamin Johnston was commissioned to photograph Tuskegee in 1902. This photograph shows a history class learning about Native Americans and Captain John Smith in Virginia.

15) Voice of a Freedman on the role of African Americans after the Civil War. http://www.digitalhistory.uh.edu/black_voices/voices_display.cfm?id=78

Thomas Wentworth Higginson, Army Life in a Black Regiment (Boston, 1870).

16) The voice of Col. Samuel Thomas, discussing the attitude of Confederates regarding new African American Rights.

http://www.digitalhistory.uh.edu/black_voices/voices_display.cfm?id=82

Col. Samuel Thomas, Assistant Commissioner, Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen and Abandoned Lands in 39 Cong., 1 Sess., Senate Exec. Doc. 2 (1865).

17) Mississippi Black Code- 1865. Laws made to prevent the exercise of new found freedom for African Americans.

http://www.digitalhistory.uh.edu/reconstruction/section4/section4_blackcodes.html

18) Former slave, Jourdan Anderson replies to a letter from his former master (1865). http://www.digitalhistory.uh.edu/black_voices/voices_display.cfm?id=80

Source: Cincinnati Commercial, reprinted in New York Tribune, August 22, 1865.